

Python: Operators

1405

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Operators (focus on the highlighted)

Type	Description
Arithmetic	Mathematical calculations (on bool, int, and float)
Comparison	Compare two values and return a bool type
Logical	Combine two True/False values and return a bool type
Assignment	Store a value in a variable (works on all types)
Bitwise	Common use cases very similar to logical operators &, , ~
Membership	Check if a value is a member of a sequence or collection
Identity	Check if two objects are the same (not just equal ==, but identical in memory)

Arithmetic Operators (math calculations)

Operator	Description	Example	Result
+	Addition	5 + 3	8
-	Subtraction	5 - 3	2
*	Multiplication	5 * 3	15
/	Division	5 / 3	1.666...
//	Floor Division	5 // 3	1
%	Modulus (remainder)	5 % 3	2
**	Exponentiation	5 ** 3	125

Comparison Operators (compare values)

Operator	Description	Example	Result
<code>==</code>	Equal to	<code>5 == 3</code>	<code>False</code>
<code>!=</code>	Not equal to	<code>5 != 3</code>	<code>True</code>
<code>></code>	Greater than	<code>5 > 3</code>	<code>True</code>
<code><</code>	Less than	<code>5 < 3</code>	<code>False</code>
<code>>=</code>	Greater than or equal to	<code>5 >= 3</code>	<code>True</code>
<code><=</code>	Less than or equal to	<code>5 <= 3</code>	<code>False</code>

Logical Operators (combine Boolean)

Operator	Description	Example	Result
and	Returns True if both are True	True and False	False
or	Returns True if at least one is True	True or False	True
not	Inverts the Boolean value	not True	False

Assignment Operators (store value)

Operator	Description	Example	Equivalent To
=	Assign	x = 5	x = 5
+=	Add and assign	x += 3	x = x + 3
-=	Subtract and assign	x -= 3	x = x - 3
*=	Multiply and assign	x *= 3	x = x * 3
/=	Divide and assign	x /= 3	x = x / 3
//=	Floor-divide and assign	x //= 3	x = x // 3
%=	Modulus and assign	x %= 3	x = x % 3
**=	Exponent and assign	x **= 3	x = x ** 3

Bitwise Operators (binary operation)

Operator	Description	Example	Result
<code>&</code>	Bitwise AND	<code>5 & 3</code>	1
<code> </code>	Bitwise OR	<code>5 3</code>	7
<code>~</code>	Bitwise NOT	<code>~5</code>	-6
<code>^</code>	Bitwise XOR	<code>5 ^ 3</code>	6
<code><<</code>	Left Shift	<code>5 << 1</code>	10
<code>>></code>	Right Shift	<code>5 >> 1</code>	2

- For Boolean indexing in NumPy and Pandas: and (`&`) or (`|`) not (`~`)
- If you know Stata, the only different one here is not (`~`)

Membership and Identity Operators

Operator	Description	Example	Result
in	True if value exists	'a' in 'apple'	True
not in	True if value does not exist	'b' not in 'apple'	True

Operator	Description	Example	Result
is	True if same object	x is y	
is not	True if not same object	x is not y	

Exercise: Variables & Operators

1. `x = 10.5` `y = x`

What do the following expressions evaluate to, and why?

`x==10.5`

`x!=y`

`int(x)`

2. Write the expressions or statements for the following tasks

`x` is no less than `y` or $2*y$ is greater than `-x`

Assign 3 to `x`, then assign `True` to `x`. Print whether `x` equals 3

3. Create two variables `x` and `y` and assign 10 and 20 as their values in one statement (hint: use value unpacking). Now swap the values of `x` and `y` without re-assigning these values directly

Exercise: Variables & Operators

1. `x = 10.5 y = x`

What do the following expressions evaluate to, and why?

`x==10.5` *True*

`x!=y` *False*

`int(x)` *10*

2. Write the expressions or statements for the following tasks

`x` is no less than `y` or `2*y` is greater than `-x` *(x>=y) or (2*y>-x)*

Assign `3` to `x`, then assign `True` to `x`. Print whether `x` equals `3`

`x= 3`
`x= True`
`x==3`

3. Create two variables `x` and `y` and assign `10` and `20` as their values in one statement (hint: use value unpacking). Now swap the values of `x` and `y` without re-assigning these values directly